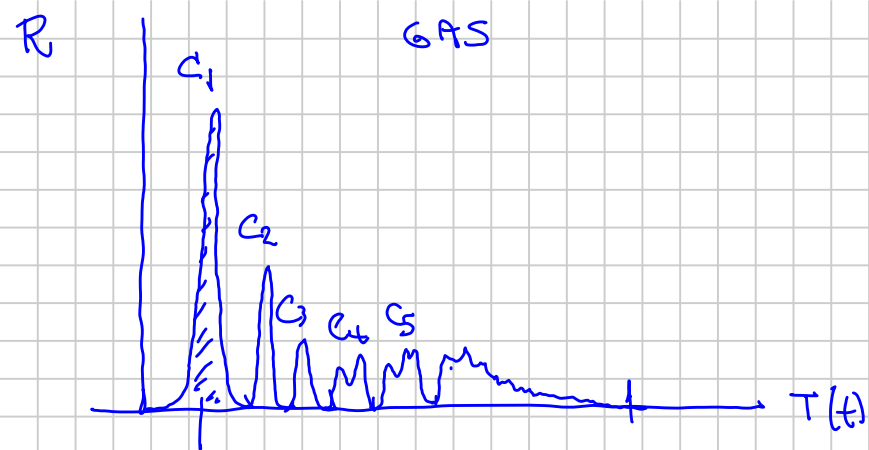


- \* OIL Compositional Analysis - EC
  - Finish up previous lecture
  
- \* SATURATION PRESSURE calculation
  - Problem 3
  
- \* SAMPLING
  - Not in SPEPRM (book)



$$A_i \propto m_i$$

$$w_i = \frac{A_i}{\sum A_j} \quad \checkmark$$

Seen

$$M_i \text{ known } \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow y_i = \frac{w_i / M_i}{\sum w_j / M_j} \quad \checkmark$$

FLASHED OIL

Reservoir Sample (RG/RO)

@  $P_R$

Separator Oil Sample

@  $P_{sp}$

SAMPLE  $\rightarrow$  "Flash" bring the sample to 2-phases  
@  $P_{sc}$  &  $T_{ambient}$

$\Rightarrow$  Flashed Gas  $\rightarrow$  GC  $\checkmark$   $w_{gi} \rightarrow y_{gi}$

$\Rightarrow$  Flashed Oil  $\rightarrow$  GC  $(?)_{\pm}$   $w_{oi} \rightarrow x_{oi} (?)_{\pm}$

Core labs:

n-C<sub>11</sub>

n-C<sub>11</sub> IS

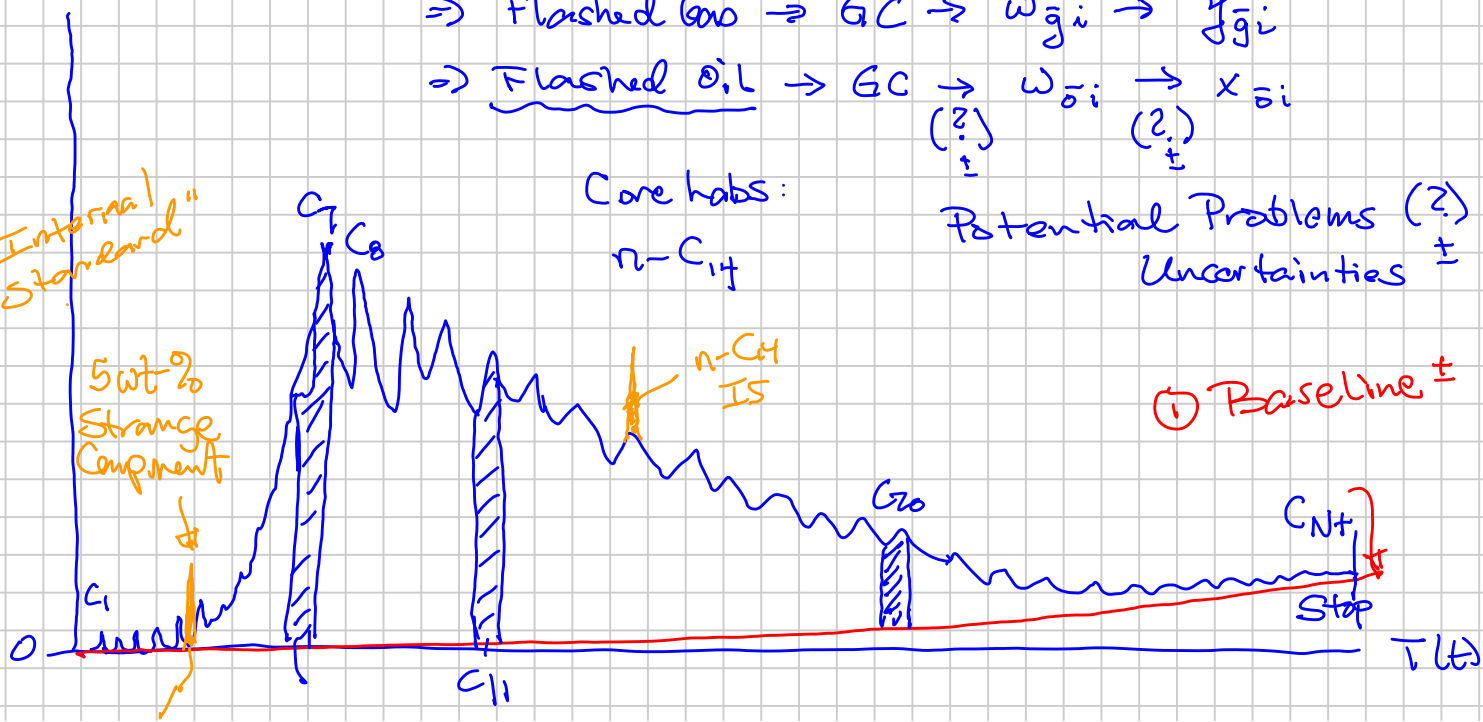
Potential Problems (?)

Uncertainties  $\pm$

① Baseline  $\pm$

"Internal Standard"

5wt% Strange Component



$A_{IS} \checkmark$   
 $w_{IS} = 0.05$   
 $C = \frac{A_{IS}}{w_{IS}}$

$A_7 \propto m_7$   
 $A_i = C m_i$

$C_7$ : all compounds boiling between  $(T_{b, n-C_6}^+) - (T_{b, n-C_7})$

$C_{N+}$	1990s	$C_{11+}$
	2006s	$C_{15+} - C_{21+}$
	2010s	$C_{25+} - C_{30+}$
	Now	$C_{31+} - C_{36+}$

Benzene  
 $A_{N+}$  NOT measured  
 $\Rightarrow$  Estimate

Know  $A_i \dots C_{N-1}$

$$w_{oi} = \frac{A_i}{A_t} = \frac{A_i}{\sum_{C_{N-1}} A_i + A_{N+} ?}$$

$\sum w_{oi} = 1$

$$w_{oi} = \frac{m_i}{m_t} = \frac{A_i / C}{\sum_{i \rightarrow C_{N-1}} A_i / C + \frac{A_{N+}}{C}}$$

$$\boxed{w_{oN+}} = 1 - \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^{C_{N-1}} w_i}_{GC}$$

By differencing

### 3rd Challenge

$w_{oi} \checkmark (\pm)$

Need mole fractions for engineering calculations

$w_{oi} \rightarrow x_{oi}$

$$\pm x_{oi} = \frac{w_{oi}}{\sum_{i=1}^{CNT} w_{oi} M_i}$$

Need All  $M_i$

$$i \geq C_7 \pm M_i$$

Typically labs use  
1978 Katz-Firoozabadi  
Table 5.2  $M_i$   
SCW  
differ from field to field

$\pm M_{N+}$  differ WILDLY from field to field

Flashed Gas  $y_{gi}$  ✓  
Flashed Oil  $x_{oi}$  (?)  $\pm$

RECOMBINE.  $\left(\frac{V_g}{V_o}\right) \pm 5\%$

$$n_i = n_{gi} + n_{oi}$$

$$m_o \rho_o \Rightarrow V_o = \frac{m_o}{\rho_o} = M_o$$

$\pm 5-10\%$

GOR recombination  
GOR<sub>r</sub>

$z_i$  (RA/RO)

$$= \frac{f_g y_{gi} + (1-f_g) x_{oi}}{f_g y_{gi} + (1-f_g) x_{oi}}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_g = GOR_r \cdot V_o$$

$V_o \rightarrow$  Basis:  $1 \text{ m}^3 \bar{o}$

$x_{ospi}$   
(Separator Oil)

$$f_g = \frac{n_g}{n_g + n_o}$$

$$= \frac{V_g / (RT_{sc}/P_o)}{V_g / (RT_{sc}/P_o) + V_o \left(\frac{\rho_o}{M_o}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{GOR_r \cdot (1) / (RT_{sc}/P_o)}{GOR_r \cdot (1) / (RT_{sc}/P_o) + (1) \left(\frac{\rho_o}{M_o}\right)}$$

$$GOR_r \left[ \frac{\text{Sm}^3}{\text{Sm}^3} \right]$$

$$\rho_o \left[ \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \right]$$

$$M_o \left[ \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{kg-mole}} \right]$$

$$\frac{RT_{sc}}{P_{sc}} \left[ \frac{\text{Sm}^3}{\text{kg-mole}} \right] = 23.68$$

$$f_g = \left\{ 1 + \underbrace{\left( \frac{RT_{sc}}{P_{sc}} \right) \left( \frac{\rho_o}{M_o} \right)}_{\text{constant}} \cdot \frac{1}{GOR_r} \right\}^{-1}$$

constant for your field sample

Separator oil :  $GOR_r \sim 5 - 100 \text{ Sm}^3/\text{Sm}^3$   
 (1st-stage separator)  
 $\uparrow$   $\uparrow$   
 $P_{sp}$  low  $P_{sp}$  high

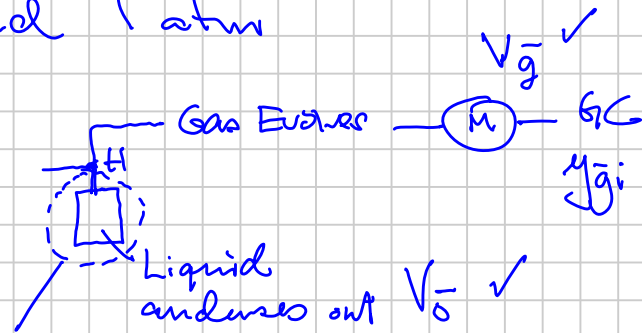
RO :  $GOR_r \sim (5) 50 - 600 \text{ Sm}^3/\text{Sm}^3$   
 RG :  $GOR_r \sim 600 - 10,000^+ \text{ Sm}^3/\text{Sm}^3$

Sample @ 1 phase @  $(P_{sp} | P_r)$   
 $\sim 10 \text{ cc}$

$V_o \rightarrow$  small

• Cryogenic Flash

- Freeze the RG sample
- Controlled injection of sample (L) into the "flash" equipment slow flash @ increasing T and 1 atm



Contain ALL of the collected flashed oil (no drops lost) } GC  $x_{oi}$

② Sep. Samples

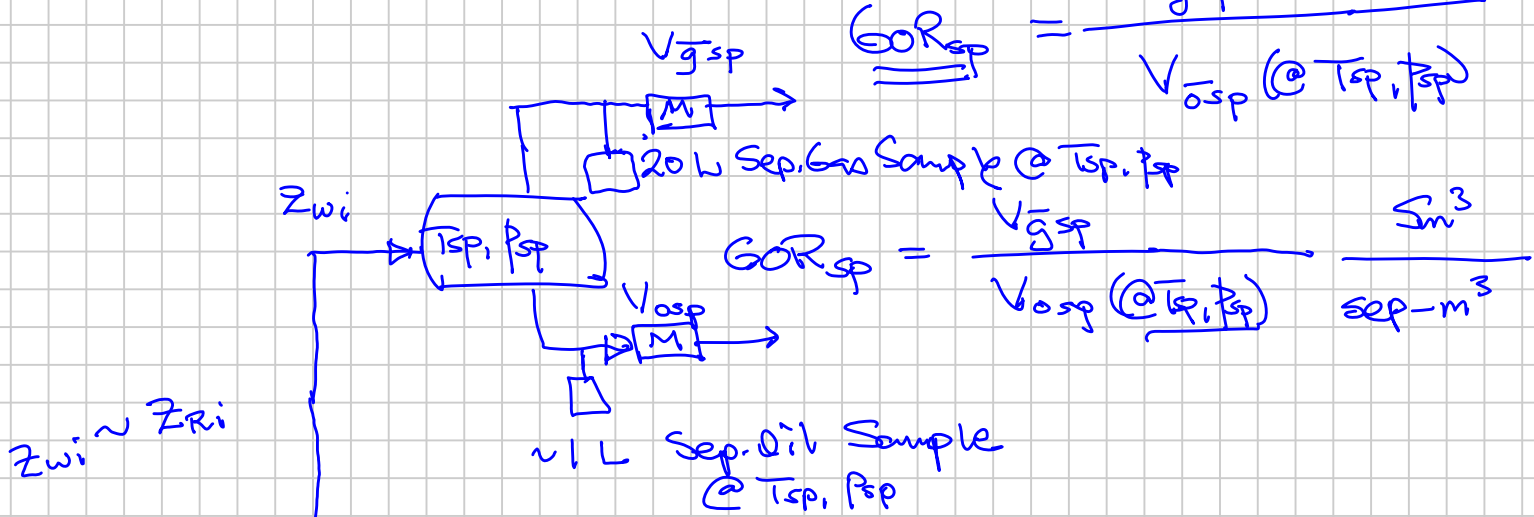
$$\boxed{Z_{wi}} = f_{gsp} \underbrace{y_{spi}}_{GC} + (1 - f_{gsp}) x_{spi}$$

Flash-GC-Recombine  
(2)

$$f_{gsp} = \left\{ 1 + \left( \frac{P_{sc}}{P_{sc}} \right) \left( \frac{P_{osp}}{M_{osp}} \right) \frac{1}{GOR_{sp}} \right\}^{-1}$$

sep. gas

$$GOR_{sp} = \frac{V_{gsp}}{V_{osp} @ T_{sp}, P_{sp}}$$



SAMPLING METHODS: (Not in the book)

① Bottomhole Samples

(a) Conventional (old-style), "BHS" Wireline Cased-Hole samples

(b) Openhole Formation Tester (e.g. MDT, RCI, ...)

(late 1970s "RFT" (1)

MDT (2)

(3)

$Z_{Ri}$

Flash-GC-Recomb.  
(2)

# Saturation Pressure Calculation

Know:  $\boxed{z_i}$   $K_i(p, T)$

Samples / Lab GC

• Equation of State (EOS) Ch. 4

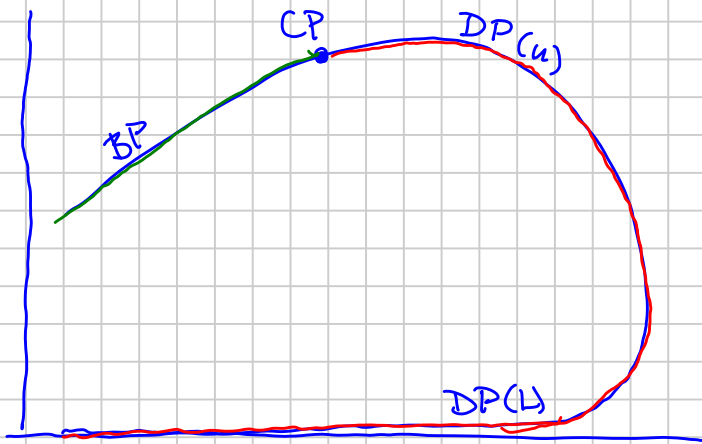
• Approx. from convergence pressure method

Modified Wilson Eq.

$$K_i = f(T_{ci}, p_{ci}, \omega_i | p_k | p, T)$$

$z_i = \text{constant}$

Find for a given  $z_i @ T$



Line  $p_s(T)$

$p_s$ : Two Phases

✓ -  $z_i$  we know " $u_{\pm i}$ "

✓ - Incipient phase that appears forms from  $z_i$  in an  $\epsilon$  amount

$z_i = x_i$  (oil)

• BP:  $y_i = u_{\pm i}$  (gas phase)

$z_i = y_i$  (gas)

• DP:  $x_i = u_{\pm i}$  (oil phase)

$$n_i = n_{gi} + n_{oi}$$

BP 
$$n_i = [y_i \epsilon + x_i(1-\epsilon)] n$$

DP 
$$n_i = [y_i(1-\epsilon) + x_i \epsilon] n$$

$$z_i \equiv n_i / n$$

Constraint  
(Requirements)

$$\begin{matrix} x_i = z_i \\ K_i = \frac{y_i}{z_i} \end{matrix}$$

BP  $z_i = y_i \epsilon + x_i (1 - \epsilon) \Rightarrow$

$$\boxed{\sum y_i = 1}$$

$$\begin{matrix} y_i = z_i \\ K_i = \frac{z_i}{x_i} \end{matrix}$$

DP  $z_i = y_i (1 - \epsilon) + x_i \epsilon \Rightarrow$

$$\boxed{\sum x_i = 1}$$

$$K_i \equiv \frac{y_i}{x_i}$$

BP:  $\sum y_i = 1 = \sum z_i K_i (p_i, T, p_k)$

DP:  $\sum x_i = 1 = \sum z_i / K_i (p_i, T, p_k)$

What is  $p_k(T)$  for our  $z_i$ ?

Must know: P

$p_k(T)$

