

③ DIFFERENTIAL LIBERATION EXP (DLE) : Only oils

Same process as SEP test BUT $T_{stage} = T_R$
 $N_{stage} \sim 5-10$

Purpose : (a) $\rho_o (p < p_b)$ $\mu_o (p < p_b)$

PUT
Properties
at

(b) Oil shrink $[V_o^{(p)} / V_{ob}] =$ oil shrinkage

$\sim S_o$
 $n \sim 2-5$
 $k_o \propto S_o$ $q_o \propto k_o$

Reservoir
Conditions

(c) $\{x_i(p)\}$

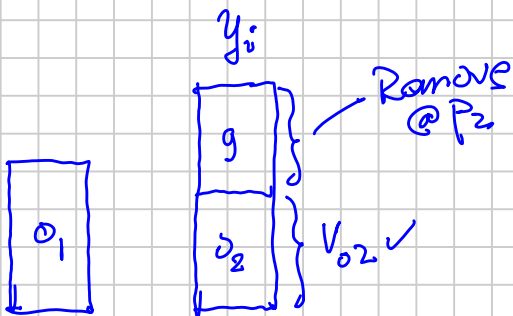
$T_R, p \leq p_b$

(a') $\rho_g (p < p_b)$ $\mu_g (p < p_b)$

(b') $S_g = 1 - S_o$: Gas Released

(c') $y_i (p < p_b)$

Simple experiment : Blind PUT Cell.

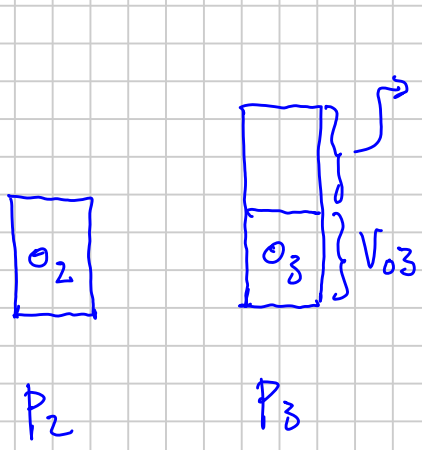


$V_{g2} \checkmark \rightarrow$ Flash to STC gas meter
 $\sim V_{g2}$
 $n_{g2} \leftarrow \{n_o\}^{\pm} + n_g$

Calc. $Z_{g2} = \frac{p_2 V_{g2}}{R T_R n_{g2}}$

$\rho_g = \frac{p M_g}{R T_R Z_g}$

$T_R =$
amt
 $p_1 = p_b$ p_2



$\Delta V_g, \Delta n_g, Z_g, P_g$ $\mu_g = f(P_g, T_R)$
 Heer-Grunzalez
 Chw 5
 y_i
 Skeptical to
 the amounts of G_{st}

→
 Step
 repeated
 5-8 times

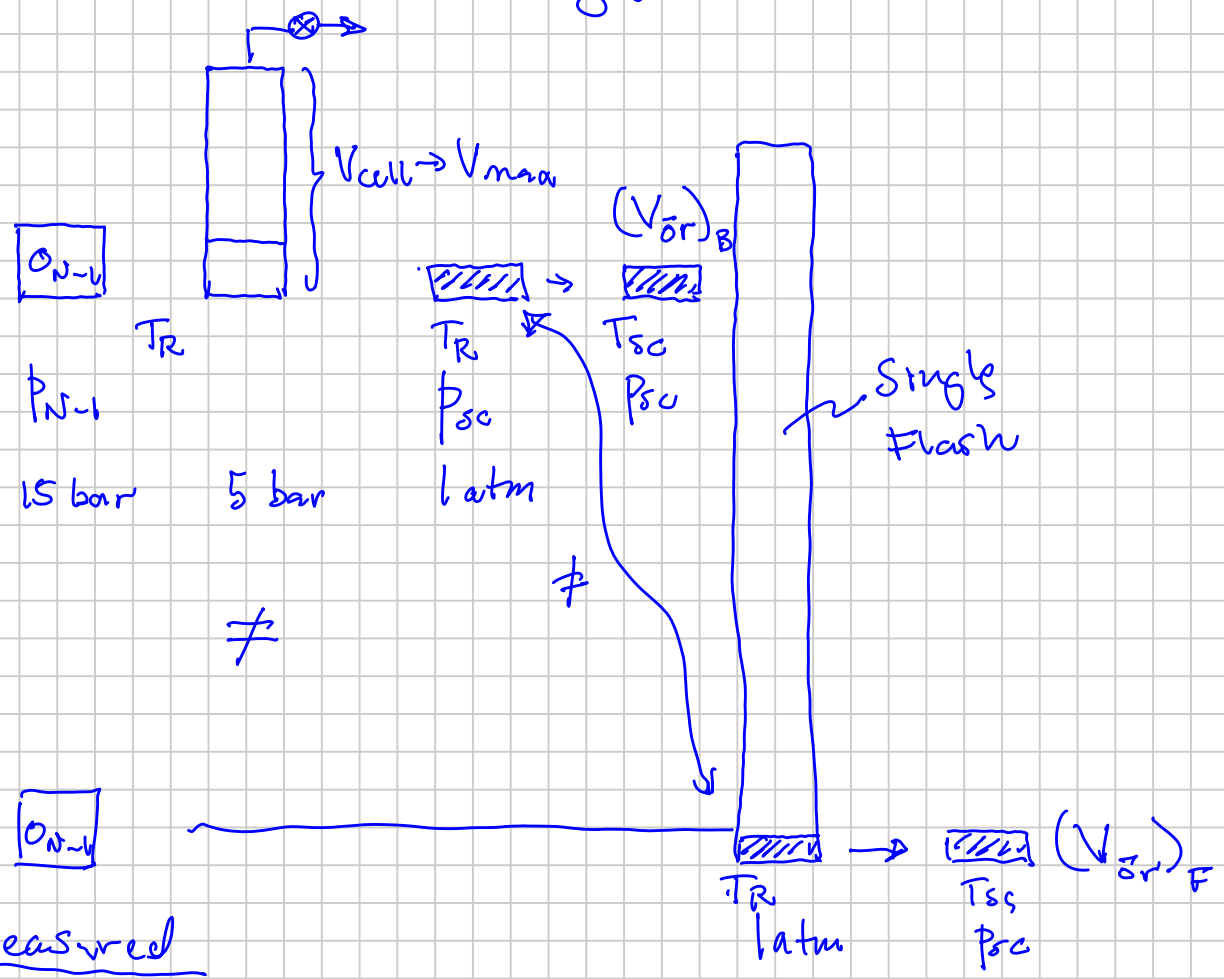
ρ_0 = calculated by material balance

μ_0 = measured in a separate parallel DL test

$\pm 5\% \rightarrow \pm 15\%$

$P_{N-1} \rightarrow P_N = P_{sc}$

Bleed off the gas



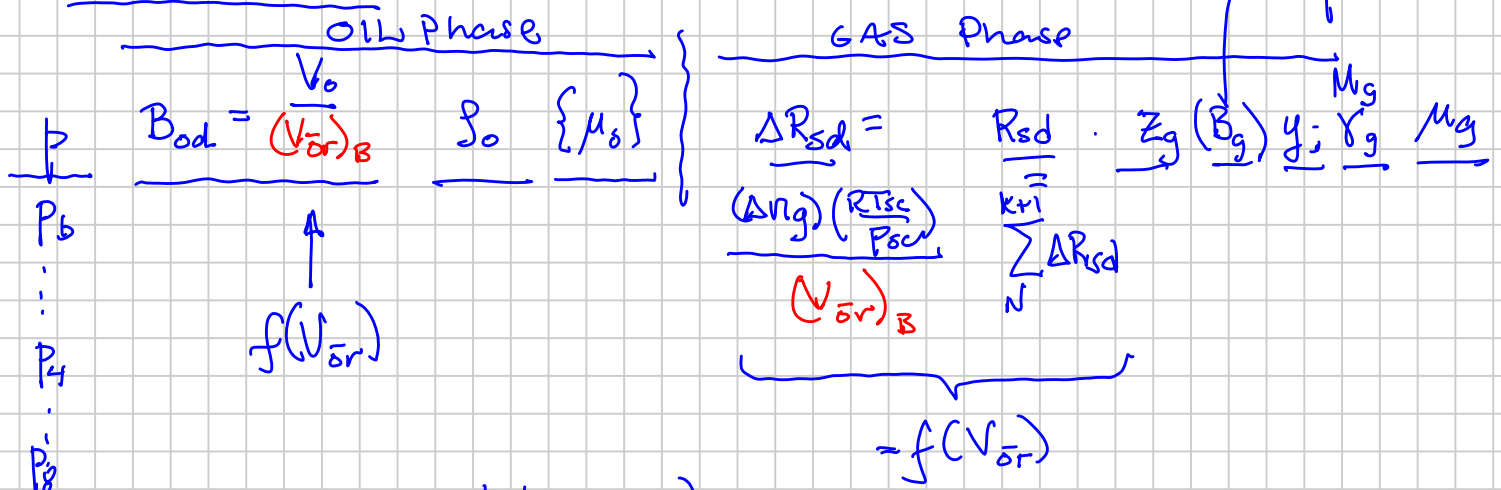
Measured

P	V_0	ΔV_g	Δn_g	Δm_g	y_i^{\pm}
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@ P, T_R

$(V_{\text{ör}})_B$

PVT Report



Calc. $S_{o,k} = \frac{(m_{or})_B + \left\{ \sum_{s=N}^{k+1} \Delta m_{g,s} \right\}}{V_{o,k}} \pm 1-2\%$

NB! if you use DLE data as input to a PVT program based on EOS (PVTsim, PhaseLump, PVTp, PVTi, PVTx, etc)

EOS Calc's

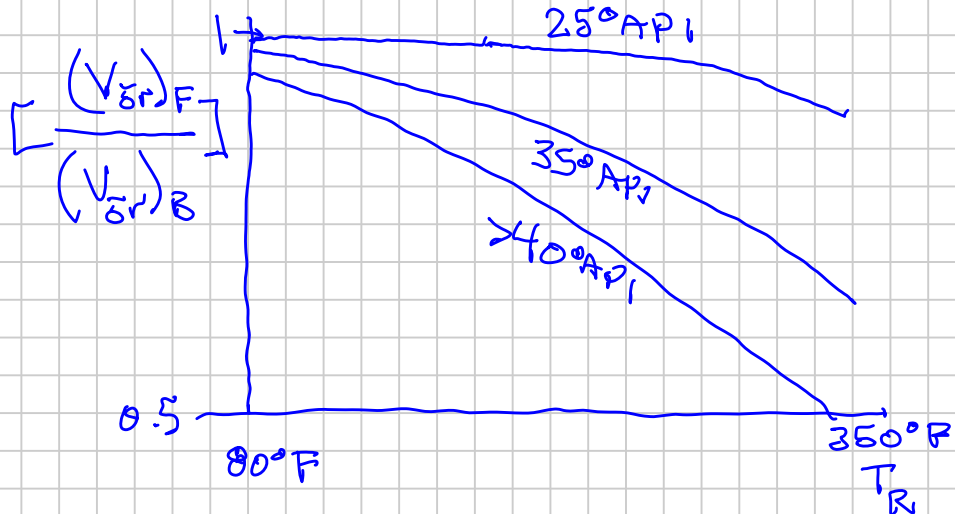
	Lab	Lab
P	V_o (Bod)	V_o (Bod)
	cc	cc
	13.62	13.62
	12.45	12.45
	11.32	11.32

$P_{sc} P_N$	5.00 → 5.92	6.00
	(Flash)	(Bleeding)

Simulate DLE

Use by default
Single Flash

$P_{N-1} \rightarrow P_N$



P_{N-1}
Add 5-10 steps
~ Bleeding

TABLE 6.11—DLE DATA FOR GOOD OIL CO. WELL 4 OIL SAMPLE

Pressure (psig)	R_{sd}	B_{od}	Differential Vaporization				
	Solution GOR (scf/bbl ^a)	Relative Oil Volume (RB/bbl ^a)	Relative Total Volume (RB/bbl ^a)	Oil Density (g/cm ³)	Deviation Factor Z_g	B_g Gas FVF (RB/bbl ^a)	γ_g Incremental Gas Gravity
2,620	854	1.600	1.600	0.6562			
2,350	763	1.554	1.665	0.6655	0.846	0.00685	0.825
2,100	684	1.515	1.748	0.6731	0.851	0.00771	0.818
1,850	612	1.479	1.859	0.6808	0.859	0.00882	0.797
1,600	544	1.445	2.016	0.6889	0.872	0.01034	0.791
1,350	479	1.412	2.244	0.6969	0.887	0.01245	0.794
1,110	416	1.382	2.593	0.7044	0.903	0.01552	0.809
850	354	1.351	3.169	0.7121	0.922	0.02042	0.831
600	292	1.320	4.254	0.7198	0.941	0.02931	0.881
350	223	1.283	6.975	0.7291	0.965	0.05065	0.988
159	157	1.244	14.693	0.7382	0.984	0.10834	1.213
0	0	1.075		0.7892			2.039
		1.000**					

$$B_{td} = \frac{V_o + V_g}{(V_o)_s}$$

$$B_{od} + B_g(R_{sd,b} - R_{sd})$$

Cumulative Gas Out of Solution

DLE Viscosity Data at 220°F

Pressure (psig)	μ_o Oil Viscosity (cp)	Calculated Gas Viscosity (cp)
5,000	0.450	
4,500	0.434	
4,000	0.418	
3,500	0.401	
3,000	0.385	
2,800	0.379	
2,620	0.373	
2,350	0.396	0.0191
2,100	0.417	0.0180
1,850	0.412	0.0182

μ_g

Using DLE data with SEP data
to generate tables of "black oil" PVT (Ch. 7)
properties for engineering calculations.
petroleum

(Old School, Not use
an EOS model)

Appendix D \Rightarrow Standing
Ch. 6

Oil Phase:

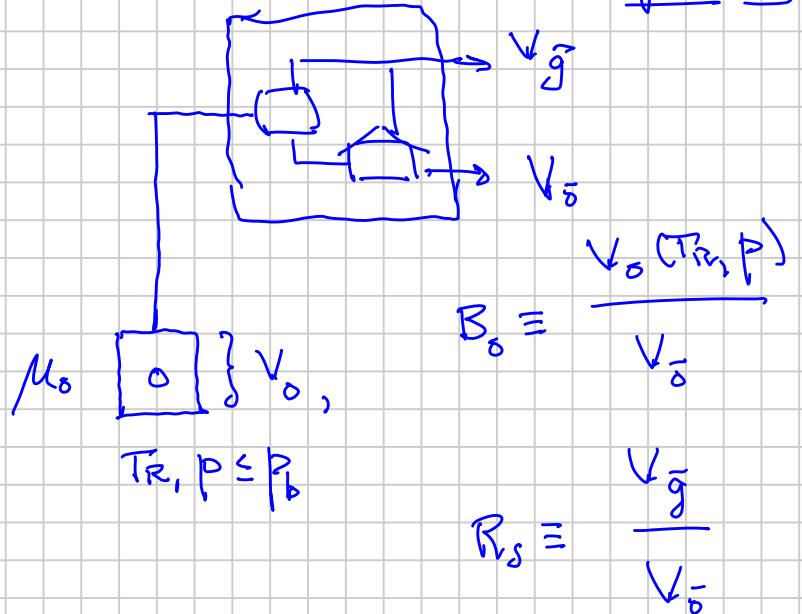
$$B_o = \text{oil FVF}$$

$$R_s = \text{solution GOR}$$

μ_o Report directly

- Reservoir:
 - Material Balance
 - Rate Equations
 - Reservoir Simulation
- Production & Pipe Flow

Lab SEP of the original oil



SEP Test: B_{ob}, R_{sb}

TABLE 6.7—SEPARATOR TESTS (RESERVOIR-FLUID) OF
GOOD OIL CO. WELL 4 OIL SAMPLE

Separator Pressure (psia)	Separator Temperature (°F)	GOR ^b (ft ³ /bbl)	* GOR ^c (ft ³ /bbl)	Stock-Tank Gravity (°API)	FVF ^d (bbl/bbl)	Separator Volume Factor ^e (bbl/bbl)	Flashed-Gas Specific Gravity
50 to 0	75	715	737			1.031	0.840
	75	41	41	40.5	1.481	1.007	1.338
100 to 0	75	637	676			1.062	0.786
	75	91	92	40.7	1.474	1.007	1.363
200 to 0	75	542	602			1.112	0.732
	75	177	178	40.4	1.483	1.007	1.329
300 to 0	75	478	549			1.148	0.704
	75	245	246	40.1	1.495	1.007	1.286

^aGauge.
^bIn cubic feet of gas at 60°F and 14.65 psi absolute per barrel of oil at indicated pressure and temperature.
^cIn cubic feet of gas at 60°F and 14.65 psi absolute per barrel of stock-tank oil at 60°F.
^dIn barrels of saturated oil at 2,620 psi gauge and 220°F per barrel of stock-tank oil at 60°F.
^eIn barrels of oil at indicated pressure and temperature per barrel of stock-tank oil at 60°F.

RB/STB

$$B_{ob} = 1.474 = \frac{V_{ob}}{V_o}$$

bbbl/STB

$$R_{sb} = 676 + 92$$

scf STB scf STB

$$= 768 \text{ scf/STB}$$

We want need saturated oils

$$B_o(p < p_b)$$

$$R_s(p < p_b)$$

Standard Method: $p \leq p_b$

DLE

SEP
 B_{ob}

$$B_o(p) \approx B_{od}(p) \cdot \frac{B_{ob}}{B_{od,b} \text{ DLE}}$$

OK for $R_{sb} \leq 1000$
scf
STB

$$p = 1600 \text{ psig} \quad B_{od}(1600) = 1.445 \frac{RB}{\text{residual bbl}}$$

$$p_b \Rightarrow B_{od,b} = 1.600 \frac{RB}{\text{res. bbl}}$$

Don't use directly

$$\hookrightarrow B_{ob} = 1.474 \frac{RB}{STB}$$

$$B_o(1600) = 1.445 \left(\frac{1.474}{1.600} \right) = 1.331 \frac{RB}{STB}$$

{ high-T, low-p bad surface separation }

$$R_s(p) \approx R_{sb} - (R_{sd,b} - R_{sd}(p)) \cdot \frac{B_{ob}}{B_{od,b}}$$

looping: $R_{sb} = 768 \text{ scf/STB}$

$$R_{sd,b} = 854 \text{ scf/residual-bbl}$$

$$R_{sd}(1600) = 544 \text{ scf/res. bbl}$$

$$R_s(1600) \approx 768 - (854 - 544) \left(\frac{1.474}{1.600} \right) = 482 \frac{\text{scf}}{\text{STB}}$$

